

Inglese

Conoscenza dei seguenti argomenti:

Grammatica – Uso dei tempi presente semplice, presente progressivo e passato; pronomi personali (soggetto e complemento); aggettivi possessivi; articolo determinativo e indeterminativo; il verbo *can*; question words; *there is, there are*; dimostrativi; *some, any, no*.

Vocabolario – Vocaboli inerenti alla vita quotidiana: famiglia, cibo, abbigliamento, passatempi, sports.

Funzioni comunicative – Sapersi presentare, chiedere e fornire informazioni di tipo personale (famiglia, amici, gusti), saper parlare di semplici argomenti di carattere quotidiano (pasti, passatempi, sports)

Abilità di lettura e ascolto – Comprendere brevi e semplici testi di carattere quotidiano e saperne ricavare informazioni. Si consigliano letture graduate di livello elementary (testi con audio CD) e lo svolgimento degli esercizi.

Per il ripasso utilizzare i libri di testo in adozione nella scuola media.

STEP ONE : REFRESH YOUR MEMORY

GRAMMAR

Riempi gli spazi con il presente semplice di 'to be' o 'to have'

1. Jack and Peter _____ tall and slim.
2. Mary _____ 14 years old.
3. The boys _____ a tennis match on Saturday.
4. _____ he a farmer?
5. You _____ something on your hair.
6. _____ you hungry?
7. John _____ a white cat

Completa con gli aggettivi possessive adeguati

1. _____ names Ann. I'm English.
2. We are Spanish. _____ house is in Madrid.
3. This is John and that is _____ sister.
4. Excuse me, is this _____ hat?
5. Rome is famous for _____ monuments.
6. These are Paul and Mark _____ teacher is Mr Brown

Completa coniugando i verbi al present continuous

1. Look! It _____ ! (snow)
2. Peter _____ to catch the bus. (run)
3. What _____ you _____ in the garden? (do)
4. We can't have a picnic it _____. (rain)
5. Bob _____ Mary at the moment. (phone)
6. They _____ home now. (leave)

Cerchia la forma verbale corretta (a oppure b)

1. They _____ roast beef every Sunday.
2. At the moment she _____ to the director.
3. He usually _____ the piano in the afternoon.
4. Nancy _____ her diary now.
5. Listen ! She _____ the piano !
6. She _____ to the mountains every weekend.

Sostituisci i soggetti e i complementi con i relativi pronomi personali.

1. You and I know Tom.
2. Mary and Julia are playing with the dog.
3. Bob doesn't like Susan and Ann.
4. My mother works with Mrs Clark

Completa coniugando i verbi al present simple

1. Tom _____ TV in the evenings. (watch)
2. _____ it _____ in Africa? (snow)
3. I _____ early on Sundays. (not get up)
4. What _____ you _____ in your free time? (do)
5. John's parents _____ in a bank. (work)
6. She _____ skiing in winter. (go)

Ricostruisci le frasi rimettendo in ordine le parole

1. plays/often/your/the guitar/brother
2. having/at/is/the/Mary/breakfast/moment/?
3. your/want/for/what/do/birthday/you/?
4. go/to/they/cinema/usually/on/the/Saturday.
5. she/to/friend/now/is/her/talking
6. usually/Jim/does/what time/get up/?
7. do/spend/the Smiths/their/where/holidays/?
8. listening/to/not/the/is/music/girl/

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| a) eat | b) are eating |
| a) speaks | b) is speaking |
| a) is playing | b) plays |
| a) writes | b) is writing |
| a) is playing | b) plays |
| a) goes | b) is going |

Utilizza la forma adatta del presente

1. He always (work) in the evening.
2. They (come) right now.
3. We never (eat) meat.
4. What (do)your father? He's a doctor.
5. What (you/study) at the moment?
6. She (go)to work by bus today.

Completa le frasi usando il Past Simple dei verbi tra parentesi

1. She _____ a cup of coffee. (drink)
2. _____ they _____ to university? (go)
3. We _____ a new DVD. (buy)
4. She _____ in a café last summer. (work)
5. I _____ them an email. (send)
6. You _____ John last weekend. (not see)
7. They _____ a holiday in India. (want)
8. You _____ my glasses.

Completa scegliendo tra *there , they're o their*

1. _____'s a man at the door.
2. _____ car is old.
3. _____ at home today.
4. _____ friends are nice.
5. _____ American.
6. _____.'s milk in the fridge.

Ricostruisci le frasi rimettendo in ordine le parole

1. his -remember - holidays - can -he
2. see - you - green - that - light - can - ?
3. play - they - well - football - can - quite
4. salt - me - the - you - please - can - pass - ?

Riordina le parole in modo da formare frasi corrette

1. Sue / yesterday / to the cinema / went
2. ago / I / met / Nick / two years
3. last night / go / they / out / didn't
4. three weeks / Jack / ago / was born
5. Friday / we / last / met

Cerchia la forma corretta

1. **This /That** girl over there is Sally
2. **This is /These are** my shoes.
3. **These /Those** flowers over there are beautiful.
4. **That is /Those are** my lunch.
5. **These /This** books are mine.

Scegli tra *the, a, an* o l'omissione dell'articolo, fai una X sulla casella giusta

1. Mr Smith is ___ mechanic.
2. I love___ music.
3. Dad's car is in___ garage.
4. He's___American actor.
5. ___house in the park is old.
6. I have___ breakfast at 7o'clock.
7. What's___weather like?
- 8.I don't know ___his sister.

the	a	an	/

Sottolinea l'alternativa corretta

1. There is *some / any/ an* oranges, but there are *no / any/ some* strawberries.
2. "Are there *any / some / a* good films on TV tonight?" " Yes, there's *a / some/ any* good one on BBC 2."
3. There isn't *any / some/ a* meat left in the freezer. Can you buy *some / any no*?
4. I'm afraid there's *no / any/a* coke left.
5. Would you like *an / some / any* orange juice?
6. No, there isn't *any / no / a* glue, but there are *some/ any / no* paper clips.
7. There's *some / an / any* apple in the basket.
8. Can I have *any / some/ a* honey, please?

Completa con le QUESTION WORDS: who, what, when, where, how, which, why, whose (alcune di esse possono essere usate più di una volta)

1. _____ nationality are you? I'm Italian .
2. _____ are you crying ? Because I'm so unhappy!
3. _____ do you do your homework? In my room.
4. _____ book is this? It's mine.
5. _____'s your brother? He's fine, thanks.

6. _____ T-shirt do you prefer? The blue one or the red one?
7. _____ 's that girl? She's Susan.
8. _____ are you coming? In the afternoon.
9. _____ 's her job? She's a secretary.
10. _____ are my gloves? They're on the sofa.
11. _____ 's your birthday? It's on 1st June.
12. _____ do you go to school? By bus.

VOCABULARY

Write the correct opposite for each adjective:

cheap =	easy =	beautiful =	hot =
fat =	black =	left =	sunny =
slow =	wet =	good =	narrow =
nice =	near =	long =	curly =
dark =	heavy =	quiet =	big =

Cerchia l'intruso

newspaper	book	ticket	magazine
cup	bacon	ham	cheese
Scottish	French	Germany	Irish
cook	drink	look	eat
Maths	Geography	theatre	Art
always	morning	often	never
daughter	sister	uncle	sun
journalist	musician	office	shop assistant

Scrivi il vocabolo femminile corrispondente, se non esiste, metti una X

child =	husband =	son =	doctor =
waiter =	teacher =	actor =	boy =
student =	brother =	man =	people =
aunt =	friend =	cousin =	father =

STEP TWO : TEST YOURSELF

GRAMMAR : scegli l'alternativa corretta per completare le frasi.

- 1 There _____ two dogs in the garden. is are am
- 2 Jack and Jill _____ watching television. are is have
- 3 Those students _____ going are going are
- 4 The cat _____ on the sofa sit is siting is sitting
- 5 I want to go _____ to home at home home
- 6 I have an appointment _____ in 5 o'clock at 5 o'clock on 5 o'clock
- 7 We don't like _____ early in the morning getting up get up gets up
- 8 They _____ to the cinema every evening. go goes gos
- 9 John _____ coffee with milk like is liking likes

- 10 _____ like chocolate. child childrens children
- 11 There are two _____ at the bus stop. mans men man
- 12 I want to eat _____ apple some an a
- 13 Is there _____ milk in the fridge? some a any
- 14 _____ a beautiful day today. Is It are It is
- 15 My mother _____ coffee. she doesn't like don't like doesn't like
- 16 English students _____ on Saturday.
 never go to school go never to school go to school never
- 17 John _____ for school. always is late is always late is late always
- 18 _____ you like rock music? are does do
- 19 They _____ live in London. don't are doesn't
- 20 She's very nice. I like _____ him hers her
- 21 _____ is the bus to Piccadilly. she he it
- 22 _____ I open the window? do can have
- 23 You _____ hurry or you will be late. can must are
- 24 _____ ride a bike? can can you you can
- 25 Yesterday I _____ home all day. were was am
- 26 Last Sunday we _____ a picnic in the park. had did have
- 27 _____ your friend yesterday? phoned you do you phoned did you phone
- 28 This morning, I _____ him at the station. meet meeted met
- 29 He _____ him at the party last night. saw seed sees
- 30 She _____ getting up early. doesn't like doesn't like

VOCABULARY : scegli l'alternativa corretta per completare le frasi.

- 1 Helen is Bill's _____ wife husband son
- 2 Mary is John's _____ sister brother father
- 3 Tuesday is the name of a _____ country person day
- 4 _____ Yellow is a _____ colour season name
- 5 _____ 11 a.m. is in the _____ evening morning night
- 6 We take medicine when we are _____ ill well hungry

- 7 France is a _____ town country people
- 8 _____ You can buy a book in a library bookshop church
- 9 _____ I'm a vegetarian I don't eat salad fruit meat
- 10 I do my homework at _____ the office home school
- 11 She _____ early to go to school. gets up goes to bed has dinner
- 12 He _____ English well. meets plays speaks
- 13 I _____ the radio while I study. hear listen to see
- 14 The train _____ at eight o'clock. leaves catches parts
- 15 I _____ U2. It is my favourite group. hate live like
- 16 I'm fourteen years _____ all old young
- 17 It is _____ in winter. hot old cold
- 18 London is a _____ city. big small slim
- 19 _____ My brother is 1.70 m great high tall
- 20 _____ I want a Coca-cola. I'm thirsty tired hungry

LET'S TALK – *Scrivi accanto a ogni istruzione cosa diresti in inglese*

Esempio: Sei in un negozio di abbigliamento. Chiedi

quanto costa il giubbotto nero in vetrina *How much is the black jacket in the shop window?*

A) Entri nella classe del corso di inglese che inizia oggi.

1. Saluti l'insegnante _____
2. Ti presenti _____
3. Dici la tua nazionalità _____
4. Dici quanti anni hai _____

B) Sei seduto ai tavolini di un bar con alcuni amici. Il cameriere

5. vi chiede se volete ordinare adesso _____

C) Proponi agli amici

6. di andare al cinema _____

D) Per la strada una signora inglese ti ferma e chiede :

7. dov'è la stazione _____
8. le dici di voltare a destra _____
9. aggiungi che la stazione è alla fine della strada _____

E) Sei entrato in un negozio di abbigliamento. La commessa :

10. ti chiede se può aiutarti _____

F) In classe

11. chiedi all'insegnante se puoi uscire _____

12. chiedi a un compagno che ora è _____

G) Hai urtato inavvertitamente una signora.

13. Ti scusi dicendo : _____

H) Chiedi a un amico

14. come sta _____

15. se ha un computer _____

16. quanti CD possiede _____

17. se parla inglese _____

18. se va spesso in bicicletta _____

19. se vuole giocare con te _____

20. se ti può aiutare _____

21. che cosa sta facendo _____

22. che cosa ha fatto ieri sera _____

J) Chiedi

23. che tempo fa _____

24. che cosa c'è in TV stasera _____

25. se c'è dell'acqua nel frigo _____

K) Dici a un amico

26. che stai facendo i compiti _____

27. che sei stato al mare l'estate scorsa _____

28. che ti piace andare al cinema _____

READING

Leggi la seguente lettera e indica se le affermazioni sono vere (V) o false (F)

Dear Mark,

I'm in Spain, where I'm having a two weeks' holiday. I'm staying at a nice camp-site by the sea, on the south coast. The weather is fantastic here! Sunny and warm. At the moment I am on the beach, lying in the sun. The water is clear and in a few minutes I'm going to have a swim.

I arrived three days ago and I soon made new friends - a group of French boys and girls, also staying at the same camp-site. Last night we had dinner together at a nice little restaurant where we had the typical "paella". It was delicious. After dinner we went to the beach with our guitars. We lit a fire and sang until late. We had a lot of fun.

'Tomorrow I'm going to Granada where I would like to spend a few days. There I'm going to stay in a youth hostel and visit the city. Then I'm going to come back and stay here until the end of my holiday. I'll be back in Manchester on the 15th July. See you soon then.

Bye for now, Jack

1. Jack is from Manchester	T	F
2. He is in Spain for work	T	F
3. He is spending there more than ten days	T	F
4. He had a lot of fun last night	T	F
5. He visited Granada yesterday	T	F

Leggi la relazione sulla gita scolastica che alcuni studenti inglesi hanno scritto per il sito della scuola e rispondi alle domande.

TRIP TO BOLOGNA

We are five students from Woodford Secondary School in York and we want to tell you about our school trip to Italy. On Monday, June 14th, we (83 students and four teachers!) arrived at Bologna Airport. We went by coach to our youth hostel and when we arrived we had lunch. We spent the afternoon playing football, basketball and table tennis and we went to a great disco in the evening. Every day we got up at 7.30 because breakfast was at 8.00. On Tuesday we visited San Luca, then we went sightseeing in the town in small groups. After dinner some of the boys played football against a school team from Bologna and the other students sat in one of the Piazzas listening to songs. The next morning we had a long walk in the hills near the city and later we had a table tennis tournament at the youth hostel. We spent the evening in our rooms and we talked until we fell asleep.

On Thursday we had breakfast at 7.00, then we packed our things and at 8.00 a coach took our luggage to the airport. We got back home to the UK at about midday and our mums and dads picked us up.

- 1 Who wrote this school trip report? Some students from Woodford School.
- 2 When did the trip begin?
- 3 Which town did the students visit?.....
- 4 How did they travel to the youth hostel?
- 5 When did they go dancing?
- 6 What did they do on Tuesday evening?.....
- 7 What did they do before lunch on Wednesday?.....
- 8 Did they have breakfast at the same time every day?.....

Scegli l'alternativa corretta.

- 1 On Monday the students arrived at the hostel in the *morning/afternoon*
- 2 They played a football match with a local school team on *Tuesday/Wednesday*.
- 3 *All/Some* of the students played football.
- 4 They didn't go out on *Tuesday/Wednesday* evening.
- 5 They left Bologna by *plane/train*.
- 6 They *met/didn't meet* their parents when they arrived.